

Public-Private Partnership Opportunities for the Presidential Communications Office and its Attached Agencies

The PPP Code and its IRR

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PPP or not?















Quizzer: True or False



- 1. All arrangements between Government Agencies and Private Companies are covered under the PPP Code.
- 2. All PPPs must be approved by NEDA.
- 3. Government Subsidies are allowed for all PPP projects.
- 4. Lowest price is the only basis for awarding a project to a bidder.
- 5. Your resource person can be a voting member of a PBAC.
- 6. Unsolicited proposals are 1st submitted to Agencies.
- 7. PPP Contracts cannot be amended.

Presentation Flow: 7 Ps







(1) Policy

PPP Code and IRR



Dates	Milestones/ Activities
December 5, 2023	Republic Act No. 11966 (Public-Private Partnership Code) signed into law.
December 23, 2023	PPP Code became effective.
March 22, 2024	IRR published.
April 6, 2024	IRR became effective.



(1.1) PPP Defined

PPP defined



- OA contractual arrangement between an Implementing Agency (IA) and a Private Partner (PP)
- oto **finance**, **design**, **construct**, **operate**, **and maintain**, or any combination or variation thereof,
- oinfrastructure or development projects and services which are typically provided by the public sector,
- owhere each party shares in the associated risks and
- owhere the **investment recovery** of the PP is **linked to performance.**

Rationale of PPP



- Indispensable role of the Private Sector
- Resource Mobilization
- Public Interest
- Financing infrastructure

- Better Quality
- oLGU Local Autonomy
- Program Integration
- Open, Fair, Transparent, and Competitive Selection

Infrastructure Projects: Procurement or PPP



Aspects	Procurement	Public-Private Partnership (PPP)		
Governing Law	RA 12009 (2024)	RA 11966 (2023)		
Role of Government	Procuring Entity (Procurer/ Buyer)	Implementing Agency (Partner/ Implementer)		
Role of Private Sector	Contractor/ Builder	Partner (Financier, Builder and Operator)		
Ownership of Project	Government/ Procuring Entity	Government (Transfer) or Private Sector (Divestment)		
Funds Involved	Public Funds to Procure	Private Capital to Finance (Public Funds for Government Undertaking, Contribution or Availability Payment allowed)		
Inputs	Specifications by Procuring Entity	Minimum Parameters, Terms and Conditions		
Modes/ Arrangements	1 (Procurement of Infrastructure)	13 (JV, Lease, Build-Operate-Transfer, etc.)		
Selection Procedures	12 (Bidding, Dialogue, Limited Source, Negotiated, Small Value and Design-Build, etc.)	3 (Solicited, Unsolicited and Negotiations)		
Financial Parameter	Price, Quality, Most Advantageous	Most Responsive/ Advantageous (Highest or Lowest)		
Payment to Private	Contract Price	Investment Recovery Schemes/ Reasonable Rate of Return		
Approving Bodies	Head of Procuring Entity	NEDA Board/ ICC, Agency Head, Board or Sanggunian		
Overall Policy-Making/ IRR/ Secretariat	Government Procurement Policy Board and TSO-DBM	PPP Governing Board and PPP Center		



(2) Parties

Implementing Agencies:Public Partners

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National

- National Government
- 2. State University and College
- Government-Owned and -Controlled Corporation
- 4. Government Instrumentality with Corporate Powers
- 5. Water Districts
- 6. Government Financial Institutions
- 7. Economic Zones

Local

- 1. Local Government Unit
- 2. Local University and College

Presidential Communications Office



- 1. APO Production Unit
- 2. Bureau of Communications Services
- 3. Intercontinental Broadcasting Corp (IBC-13)
- 4. National Printing Office
- 5. News Information Bureau
- 6. People's Television Network Inc (PTV)
- 7. Philippine Information Agency
- 8. Philippine Broadcasting Service Bureau of Broadcast Services
- 9. Presidential Broadcast Staff Radio Television Malacañang

Private Party

- Private Partner private sector entity determined to be financially, legally, and technically capable to undertake obligations under an awarded PPP contract
- o **Private Proponent** private sector entity which has **submitted bid** in relation to a Solicited Project, or a private sector entity which has submitted an Unsolicited Proposal; may be **Filipino or foreign-owned**, and may engage the services of a foreign Contractor or foreign Facility Operator, subject to requirements and limitations provided under the Constitution, existing laws, rules, and regulations
- o Facility Operator any entity allowed and duly registered and licensed under Philippine laws, which may or may not be the Private Partner, that shall be responsible for operating and/or maintaining a facility
- Contractor any entity allowed and duly registered and licensed under Philippine laws, which may or may not be the Private Partner, that shall be responsible for the construction and/or supply of equipment or services for PPP Projects



(2.1) Public Governance

PPP Governing Board

PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP

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- 1. Chairperson: NEDA Secretary
- 2. Vice-Chairperson: DOF Secretary
- 3. Secretariat: PPP Center
- 4. DBM
- 5. DOJ
- 6. DTI

- 7. DILG
- 8. DENR
- 9. CHED
- 10. ES
- 11. PPP Center ED
- 12. Private Sector
 Representative from
 Infrastructure Sector

PPP Governing Board



- Overall policy-making body for all PPP-related matters
- oResponsible for setting the **strategic direction** of the PPP Program and PPP Projects
- Responsible for creating an enabling policy and institutional environment for PPP
- Promulgate PPP policy matter opinions
- olssue the IRR (Members form part of IRR Committee)

Prescribe guidelines on:

- o improving ease of doing business
- reviewing and approving Local PPP Projects
- onegotiations for unsolicited proposals
- o monitoring the compliance of the parties with PPP contracts
- determination of Termination
 Payments and related reportorial requirements
- Project Development and Monitoring Facility
- LGU PPP Risk Management Fund

Approving Bodies



NEDA Board NEDA ICC Cabinet Secretary

GOCC/ GI Board

Sanggunian

LUC Board

National Economic and Development Authority (NEDA)



Board

○ Approve National Projects (≥ P15B Project Cost)

Investment Coordination Committee (ICC)

- \circ Recommend to Board (\ge P15B)
- Approve National Projects (< P15B) subject to conditions
- Approve Local Projects with Government Undertakings using national government funds (disapproval shall not be construed as a disapproval of the Local PPP Project)
- Approve Availability Payments
- Formulate guidelines, forms, and templates that shall be used by IAs and Approving Bodies in reviewing and approving the PPP Project
- Review, evaluate and update P15B Threshold (prudence & reasonableness)
- olssue Generic Preferred Risk Allocation Matrix (GPRAM)

PPP Center

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- Assist IAs in identifying, prioritizing, developing, and maintaining a pipeline of PPP Projects
- Provide project advisory services and technical assistance to IAs, Approving Bodies
- Facilitate the appraisal and approval of PPP Projects by NEDA
- 4. Review **contracts** for National PPPs
- 5. Require the submission of PPP Project documents from IAs
- Provide regular monitoring and status reports on the implementation of all PPP Projects
- 7. Manage and administer the **Project Development Management Fund**
- 8. Manage and administer the PPP Risk Management Fund

- Serve as Secretariat for IRR Committee
- 10. Coordinate with NEDA-ICC in formulation of guidelines, forms, and templates that shall be used by IAs and Approving Bodies in reviewing and approving the PPP Project
- 11. Coordinate with Regulatory Agencies in the drafting of **guidelines**, **frameworks**, **or mechanisms** for consultation, review, and approval of initial **tolls**, **fares**, **fees**, **rentals**, **and other charges**
- 12. Determine **completeness** of unsolicited proposals and appropriate Approving Body
- 13. Assist IAs during **negotiations** of unsolicited proposals
- 14. Issue non-policy matter opinions
- 15. Act as **Procurement Agent**

Pre-qualification/ Quali, Bids and Awards Committee (PBAC) Composition (Min.)

National IAs

- Chairperson At least a third ranking IA official
- 2. Secretary A legal IA officer
- IA officer knowledgeable in finance
- 4. IA officer knowledgeable in procurement
- 5. IA officer knowledgeable in the management/ operation in the technical aspects or requirements of the PPP Project

Local IAs

- Chairperson the Administrator or at least a third ranking permanent official of the local IA
- 2. IA Treasurer or Accountant
- 3. IA Planning and Development Coordinator or Engineer of the Implementing
- 4. Legal officer of the LGU (if none, external legal advisor or higher LGU)
- 5. A representative from and selected by the local Sanggunian or by the LUC Board designated through a resolution

Nos. 2-5: can be external consultants/ entities



(3) Projects

PPP Projects



- Infrastructure or development projects and services which are typically provided by the public sector
- Consistent and responsive to national, local, and sectoral development and investment plans
- Part of list submitted to appropriate oversight agencies, NEDA,
 RDC, Sanggunian and the PPP Center
- Yields Value-for-Money (Effective, Efficient and Economic use of resources)
- Included in the Consolidated List of Investment Programs (CLIPs)
- All PPP Projects which will interconnect or interface with a local or national facility shall be required to submit a MOA containing an interconnection and/or interface plan

Infrastructure or Development Projects and Services -

construction, improvement, rehabilitation, repair, and/ or maintenance of facilities or provision of services for use by the public that underlie and enable, sustain, and enhance the economic and social development of the country.

PPP PROJECTS

HARD

INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS

- /A Road
- **Wate**
- **9** Power
- Ports
- Reclamation
- Sports Complex
- Markets
- Transport Systems

- Terminal
- Goverment Buildings
- /III Parks
- Information Technology
- Cemetery
- **m** Solid Waste Management
- Bridges
- Malls

SOFT

SOCIAL ASSETS AND SERVICES

- Classroom
- Hospital
- **Agriculture**

- Housing
- Evacuation Center
- Prisons

BUNDLED







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Hard, Soft and Soft



Hard, Hard and Soft

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29+ Eligible Types of Projects

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- 1. Highways
- 2. Land transportation systems
- 3. Transport projects
- 4. Port infrastructure
- 5. Maritime infrastructure
- 6. Airports
- 7. Power
- 8. Energy efficiency
- 9. Telecommunications
- 10. Information Technology
- 11. Irrigation
- 12. Water
- 13. Educational infrastructure
- 14. Health infrastructure
- 15. Multi-purpose water resources

- 16. Land reclamation
- 17. Industrial and tourism estates
- 18. Government buildings
- 19. Urban redevelopment
- 20. Heritage preservation
- 21. Markets
- 22. Warehouses
- 23. Public fish ports
- 24. Agri-fishery industrial hubs
- 25. Cold chain systems
- 26. Prisons and national defense or security-related facilities
- 27. Solid waste management
- 28. Climate change adaptation
- 29. Other Infrastructure or Development Projects



(4) Partnership Schemes

Universe of Arrangements

- 1. Build-Transfer
- 2. Build-Lease-Transfer
- 3. Build-Operate-Transfer
- 4. Build-Own-Operate
- 5. Build-Transfer-Operate
- 6. Contract-Add-Operate
- 7. Develop-Operate-Transfer
- 8. Rehabilitate-Operate-Transfer
- 9. Rehabilitate-Own-Operate
- 10. Rehabilitate-Lease-Transfer
- 11. Rehabilitate-Transfer
- 12. Rehabilitate-Transfer-Operate
- 13. Concession Arrangement

- 14. Joint Venture
- 15. Lease or Affermage
- 16. Lease-to-Own
- 17. Real Property Swap
- 18. Management Contract
- 19. Management Contract (No Public Funds)
- 20. Service Contract
- 21. Service Contract (No Public Funds)
- 22. Divestment or Disposition
- 23. Corporatization
- 24. Subsidiary with Private Equity
- 25. Onerous Donation
- 26. Gratuitous Donation



PPP RESOURCE EXCHANGE

Modality	Government		Private Sector		
Build-Operate-Transfer			P		
Joint Venture	P T O				
Concession			P		
Management Contract			0		
Public Land Lease			P		
Policy-setting	PR	Building		*	
Financing	P	Operating		0	
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Delineation of Functions ("Division of Labor")

13 PPP Code-Covered Arrangements



PPP as defined/ satisfies elements or as may be approved by Approving Body

- Joint Ventures*
- 2. Toll operation agreements or supplemental toll operation agreements, or any contractual arrangements involving the Construction, O&M, or a combination or variation thereof, of toll facilities
- 3. Lease*
- 4. BOT, BT, BLT, BOO, BTO, CAO, DOT, ROT and ROO
- 5. Operate and Maintain

10 Exclusions



- 1. Procurement of Infrastructure Projects (GPRA)
- 2. Exclusively ODA-Funded Infrastructure Projects
- 3. Management Contracts which do not possess PPP elements (excludes O&M PPP contracts)
- 4. Service Contracts (coal service, petroleum, mining, renewable energy and per COA and DBM)
- 5. Divestments or Dispositions (taking away, depriving, withdrawing of an authority, power or title over a government asset)

10 Exclusions



- 6. Corporatization or transfer of government assets into a public corporation
- 7. Incorporation of Subsidiaries with Private Sector Equity
- 8. Onerous Donations (subject to burdens, charges, or future services equal to or more in value than the thing donated)
- 9. Gratuitous Donations (disposed by a person without charge, in favor of another who accepts it)
- 10. JV Agreements and leases involving purely commercial arrangements that neither provide nor include public infrastructure or development services



(5) Permissions

Approval of National PPPs



≥ P15B Project Cost

- NEDA Board Approval (120 days) (non-delegable)
- NEDA-ICC favorable Recommendation to NEDA Board
- olf SUC and no Government Undertaking, Green Lane

Approval of National PPPs

< P15B Project Cost



- ONEDA-ICC if PPP Project (non-delegable):
 - Physically overlaps with government-approved project or developed project per national/ sectoral plans (same alignment/ catchment)
 - Negatively affects economic benefits, demand, and/or financial viability of government-approved project or developed project per national/ sectoral plans (PPP project caters to affected markets/ groups)
 - Requires financial government undertakings (under GAA)
 - Involves Availability Payments (under GAA)
 - With Government JV contribution which exceeds 50% of its entire assets based on its latest audited financial statements (and valuation reports by 3rd party Appraisers, development plans, financial performance reports, and management reports)



Government Undertakings

Not allowed for Unsolicited Proposals

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- Viability Gap Funding
- Subsidy
- Payment of ROW
- Performance undertaking
- Additional tax exemptions
- Guarantee on Demand
- Guarantee on Loan Repayment
- Guarantee on Private SectorReturn

- Government Equity
- Contribution of assets
- Monetary payment of Contingent Liability
- **OCredit Enhancements**

Not GU:

- 1. Availability Payment
- 2. National Permits for Local PPPs

Approval of PPPs: Completeness



- Complete feasibility study
- oTraceable economic and financial models in electronic copy
- Proposed parameters, terms, and conditions (PTCs)
- ○VFM analysis
- Valuation report, as applicable
- Documentation of the stakeholders' consultations conducted, including the participating sector or communities consulted
- Other documents, information, or materials that may be required by the ICC in its approval guidelines, including the forms and templates, needed to commence project evaluation

Complete Feasibility Study

- 1. Problem Definition/ Objectives
- 2. Project Description
- 3. Project Context
- 4. Sectoral Program
- 5. Regional and Spatial Context
- 6. Expected Outcomes and Key Success Indicators
- 7. Analysis of Technical Solutions
- 8. Project Costs
- 9. Legal Due Diligence
- 10. Demand and Supply/ Market Analysis
- 11. Market Sounding Feedback (for Solicited)
- 12. Proposed Tariff Structure

- 13. Financial Analysis
- 14. Economic Analysis
- 15. Social and Environmental Analysis
- 16. Risk Allocation
- 17. VfM Analysis (for Solicited)
- 18. Contractual Arrangement Options
- 19. Job Creation Information
- 20. Land Acquisition/ Resettlement Action Plan
- 21. Heritage Impact Assessment
- 22. Geotechnical Report
- 23. Description of Products or Services to be provided
- 24. Description of the Geographic and Catchment Area



Parameters, Terms & Conditions (PTCs)

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- 1. Project Scope
- 2. Contractual Arrangement
- 3. Contract Duration
- 4. Rights and Obligations of Parties
- 5. Performance Standards and Key Performance Indicators
- 6. Safeguards for Government and Public
- 7. Investment Recovery Schemes

- 8. Revenue share, if any
- 9. Government Undertakings
- 10. Proposed Risk Allocation
- 11. Contingent Liabilities
- 12. Bid Parameter
- 13. Ceiling for Debt-to-Equity Ratio
- 14. Proposed Public Bidding Process– single or 2-stage (if solicited)
- 15. Proposed Period for Comparative Challenge (90 days to 1 year)

2 Required Traceable Models



Economic Model

- 1. Assumptions
- 2. Economic Benefits and Costs
- 3. Conversion of Financial Costs to Economic Costs
- 4. Calculation of Economic Viability (economic internal rate of return; economic net present value; benefit-cost ratio)

Financial Model

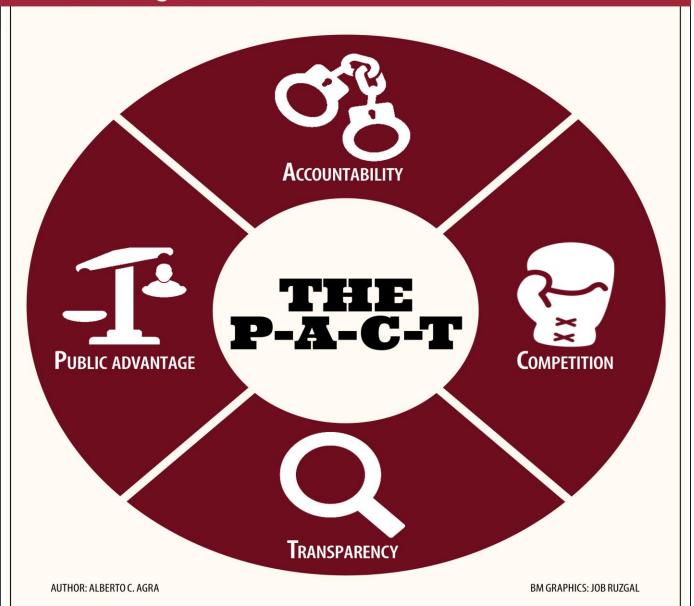
- 1. Assumptions
- 2. Balance Sheet
- 3. Income Statement
- 4. Cash Flows (full life)
- 5. Calculations on Financial Viability (debt service coverage ratio, free cash flows to firm and equity holders; project and equity internal rates of return; project and equity net present value; and weighted average cost of capital)



(6) Procedures

PPP SELECTION REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Open
- 2. Fair
- 3. Transparent
- 4. Competitive





Solicited Project



Preparation of Documents

Advertisement/ Invitation

Pre-Qualification Submission of Proposals (Technical and Financial)

Bid Evaluation

Award of Contract

- 1. Feasibility Study
- 2. Draft Contract
- 3. PTCs
- 4. Consultation
- 5. Instructions/ Forms
- 6. Proposal Securities

3 Tests

- 1. Legal
- 2. Technical
- 3. Financial

Most Responsive/ Advantageous

- 3 Scenarios
- 1. 2 or more
- 2. Single/ only 1
- 3. Failed/ o

Solicited Project: Most Responsive Bid



Highest

- Payment to Government (Revenue-based)
- Share in Revenues (JV)
- Rental Payment toGovernment (IA as Lessor)

Lowest

- Government Subsidy/ Support
- Tariff by End-User
- Rental Payment by
 - Government (IA as Lessee)

MRB: bid that conforms, in all material respects, to the bid solicitation requirements and approved bid parameters, and the one that is most advantageous to the government

Unsolicited Proposals: Completeness



- 1. Complete Feasibility Study
- 2. Traceable Economic and Financial Models
- 3. Minimum Parameters, Terms and Conditions
- 4. Certification that USP has no Government Undertakings
- 5. Valuation Report
- 6. Proposed IA

- 7. Information on the qualifications of the Private Proponent
- 8. Draft PPP Contract
- 9. Project Site Plan
- 10. If UP involves ROW, ROW and resettlement plan

Information: not older than 3 years from submission (for valuation report, not older than 1 year)

Unsolicited Proposal (USP): 7 Stages

PPP Code and IRR

- USP Completeness
- AppropriateApproving Body
- If complete, endorsed to Implementing Agency (IA)
- No decision = USP incomplete

- Successful (or failed) negotiations
- If successful, PP conferred
 Original Proponent Status (OP)
 valid for 1 year
- USP and PTCs submitted to Approving Body for approval (120 c. days)*
- If Local PPP, LDC endorsement (30 c. days)*

- Awarded to OP (no challenger or OP able to match superior offer) or Challenger (OP not match)
- NOA subject to conditions (20 days)

(1) Private
Proponent
(PP)
prepares
USP

(2) PPP Center checks USP (10 c. days) (3) IA undertakes Detailed Evaluation (90 c. days)*

(4) IA and PP negotiate (30 – 80, ≯150 c. days) (5) IA conducts Competitive Challenge (90-365 c. days) (6) IA issues
Notice of
Award
(NOA)
(7 c. days)

(7) IA and PP execute PPP Contract (5 c. days from notice)

PP submits to PPP Center

IA continues or not (10 c. days)

Right to Match by OP PP compliance with conditions

* = approval by inaction



(7) Pact

PPP Contract



- oThe law between the parties and the parties shall perform their respective **prestations**, **obligations**, **and undertakings** thereunder with **utmost good faith** with the end in view of **attaining the objectives** hereof.
- oOnce a PPP Contract is executed by the PP and the IA, a presumption arises that the **public interest** will be served by the implementation of the PPP Project covered thereby, and immediately upon application by the PP in accordance with the guidelines of the Regulatory Body concerned.

Mandatory Provisions in PPP Contracts

- 1. Contractual Arrangement
- 2. Term
- 3. Scope of work
- 4. Project Cost
- 5. Minimum Performance Standards
- 6. Key Performance Indicators
- 7. Implementation Milestones
- 8. Cost Recovery Scheme
- 9. Disclosure of Financing Documents
- 10. Liquidated Damages
- 11. Performance Security
- 12. Minimum Insurance Coverage
- 13. Acceptance Tests and Procedures

- 14. Warranty Period and Procedures
- 15. Lock-in Periods
- 16. Contract Termination
- 17. Lender Step-in Rights
- 18. Acceptable Permitted Security Interest
- 19. Anti-Corruption
- 20. Alternative Dispute Resolution
- 21. Wind-up and Transfer Measures
- 22. Gender and Environment Safeguards
- 23. Ownership or retention of patents
- 24. Monitoring, Evaluation and Reporting
- 25. Period for Financial Close
- 26. Compliance with Laws

21 Important PPP Code Provisions

- Risk Allocation
- 2. Sources of Financing
- 3. Financial Close
- 4. Investment Recovery Schemes
- Tolls, Fares, Fees, Rentals and Other Charges
- 6. Availability Payments
- 7. Reasonable Rate of Return
- 8. Land Value Capture Strategies
- 9. Contingent Liability
- 10. Viability Gap Funding
- 11. 3 Guarantees

- 12. Subsidy
- 13. Government Undertakings
- 14. Divestment and Lock-in
- 15. Government Takeover
- 16. Wind-Up and Transfer Measures
- 17. Alternative Dispute Resolution
- 18. Material Adverse Government Action
- 19. Variation, Expansion or Extension
- 20. Termination
- 21. Accountability/ Liability

"Amendments"



PPP Contract Variation, Expansion or Extension

- a. Changes in the agreed **schedule** or **parametric formula** to calculate tolls, fares, fees, rentals, and other charges and adjustments thereof, as stipulated in the PPP contract
- b. Decrease in the IA's revenue or profit share derived from the project, except as may be allowed under a formula approved by the relevant regulatory or Approving Body
- c. Change in the approved **scope of works**, decrease in the performance standards, deferment of committed service levels or change in the contractual arrangement
- d. Extension in the contract term
- e. Any variation that will result in an increase in the **financial liabilities** of the government under the PPP Project
- f. Any allowable amendments and waivers which have same effect or consequence as (a) to (e)

Liability

- ○Imprisonment (3 6 years) and fine (P1M P5M)
 - Downgrading the category of the Project Cost for purposes of evading the required approvals
 - Submitting of any false information or falsified documents
 - Neglecting or refusing to act upon an USP within the prescribed period
 - Performing any act which restricts transparency or tend to restrain the natural rivalry of parties or operates to stifle or suppress competition in the PPP process
 - Withdrawing a bid, after it shall have been declared the winner, or refusing award, without just cause for the purpose of forcing the IA to award the PPP contract to another bidder
 - Violating provisions on Approval of Projects, Solicited and Unsolicited Proposals, JVs, Amendments, Divestment, Conflict of Interest, Confidentiality of Information
- Anti-Graft and Corrupt Practices Act

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Thank you.

